expanding human possibility ${ }^{\circ}$

## Q2 Fiscal 2022 Earnings Presentation

May 3, 2022

## Safe Harbor Statement

THIS PRESENTATION INCLUDES GUIDANCE AND OTHER STATEMENTS RELATED TO THE EXPECTED FUTURE RESULTS OF THE COMPANY AND ARE THEREFORE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. ACTUAL RESULTS MAY DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THOSE PROJECTIONS DUE TO A WIDE RANGE OF RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES, MANY OF WHICH ARE BEYOND OUR CONTROL, INCLUDING THE SEVERITY AND DURATION OF THE IMPACTS OF THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC AND EFFORTS TO MANAGE IT ON THE GLOBAL ECONOMY, LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL MARKETS, DEMAND FOR OUR HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE PRODUCTS SOLUTIONS AND SERVICES, OUR SUPPLY CHAIN, OUR WORK FORCE OUR LIQUIDITY AND THE VALUE OF THE ASSETS WE OWN, AS WELL AS THOSE RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES THAT ARE LISTED IN OUR SEC FILINGS.

THIS PRESENTATION ALSO CONTAINS NON-GAAP FINANCIAL INFORMATION AND RECONCILIATIONS TO GAAP ARE INCLUDED IN THE APPENDIX. ALL INFORMATION SHOULD BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH OUR HISTORICAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

## Q2 FY22 Results Highlights

- Total orders up $37 \%$ YOY and up sequentially
- Strong demand across all business segments and regions
- Reported sales up 1.8\% YOY; acquisitions contributed 2.3\%
- First half revenue up 9\% YOY
- Organic sales up 1.3\% YOY, below expectations due to worse-than-expected semiconductor availability
- Information Solutions \& Connected Services (IS/CS) orders and sales up strong double digits YOY
- Total ARR up over 50\%; Organic ARR up 17\%
- Segment margin of $15.7 \%$, below expectations due to lower sales and higher input costs
- Adjusted EPS of \$1.66, down 31\% YOY


## Strong market dynamics for automation



Multi-year capital projects; higher automation and digital transformation intensity

## Q2 FY22 Organic Growth


\% of Reported Sales


## Q2 HIGHLIGHTS *

- All regions continue to see strong broad based demand
- NA sales performance driven by higher Intelligent Devices mix
- Expecting strong sales growth in all regions for the full year


## Orders, Sales \& Backlog

Robust orders and backlog are the foundation for strong sales in FY2022 and beyond


## Resiliency Actions

- Re-engineering of existing products to increase component supply resiliency
- Capacity investments, with redundant manufacturing lines (Twinsburg and Singapore) and additional electronic assembly equipment
- Qualification of additional suppliers to diversify our supplier base
- Continued investment in IS/CS and other software and services offerings that are less dependent on hardware supply chains
- Benefit of price increases announced over the last year to ramp in 2H FY22 and beyond as annual customer agreements renew
- Taking actions to get quicker realization of future price increases


## FY22 Full Year Outlook Highlights

- Orders approaching \$10B
- Total sales growth range of 11-15\%
- Acquisitions to contribute $\sim 2.5$ pts of growth; currency impact of $\sim(1.5)$ pts
- IS/CS expected to grow double digits; sales expected to reach \$800M
- ARR expected to grow double digits
- Expected segment margin of $\sim 20 \%$, impacted by increased inflation
- 2 H price/cost turns positive, with 2 H core conversion above $35 \%$
- Prioritizing growth and resiliency investments
- Adjusted EPS range of \$9.20-\$9.80
- Board authorized additional $\$ 1.0$ billion for share repurchases


## Q2 FY22 Key Financial Information

(\$ in millions, except per share amounts)

|  | Q2 FY22 | Q2 FY21 | YOY B/(W) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SALES | \$1,808 | \$1,776 | Organic Growth <br> Inorganic Growth Currency Translation <br> Reported Growth | $\begin{array}{r} +1.3 \% \\ +2.3 \% \\ (1.8) \% \\ \hline+1.8 \% \end{array}$ |
| SEGMENT OPERATING MARGIN | 15.7\% | 22.0\% | $(630) \mathrm{bps}$ |  |
| CORPORATE AND OTHER | \$25 | \$30 | \$5 |  |
| ADJUSTED EPS | \$1.66 | \$2.41 | (31)\% |  |
| ADJUSTED EFFECTIVE TAX RATE | 16.0\% | 16.7\% | 0.7 pts |  |
| FREE CASH FLOW | \$46 | \$224 | \$(178) |  |

## Price vs Input Cost



- Price actions of $17 \%$ yielding ~\$400 million on an annualized basis
- Price benefit to improve in 2 H FY22 and into FY23 as customer agreements renew
- Prepared to take further price actions if inflation forecasts worsen


## Q2 FY22 Segment Results

|  | SALES(\$ in millions; YOY growth \%) |  | SEGMENT OPERATING MARGIN | SEGMENT HIGHLIGHTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Organic <br> \$809M <br> Inorganic <br> Currency <br> Reported | $\begin{array}{r} (3.0) \% \\ -\% \\ (1.9) \% \\ \hline(4.9) \% \end{array}$ | 14.6\% <br> (920) bps YOY | - Lower segment margin YOY driven by higher input costs, higher investment spend, and lower sales <br> - Expected 2 H margin improvement driven by higher volume and price realization |
|  | Organic <br> \$535M <br> Inorganic <br> Currency <br> Reported | $\begin{aligned} & +0.7 \% \\ & +7.6 \% \\ & (1.8) \% \\ & \hline+6.5 \% \end{aligned}$ | 24.6\% <br> (520) bps YOY | - Lower segment margin YOY driven by higher investment spend, higher input costs, and the impact of acquisition integration costs <br> - Expected 2 H margin improvement driven by higher volume and price realization |
|  | Organic <br> \$465M <br> Inorganic <br> Currency <br> Reported | $\begin{array}{r} +10.8 \% \\ +0.6 \% \\ (1.7) \% \\ \hline+9.7 \% \end{array}$ | $7.3 \%$ <br> (170) bps YOY | - Lower segment margin YOY driven by lower labor utilization caused by supply chain constraints, partially offset by higher sales and lower incentive compensation <br> - Q2 Book-to-bill of 1.34 <br> - Expected 2 H margin improvement driven by higher volume and the conversion of higher margin backlog |

## Q2 FY21 to Q2 FY22 Adjusted EPS Walk



## Fiscal Year 22 Guidance

|  | April <br> Guidance | January <br> Guidance |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Sales Range | $\$ 7.8 \mathrm{~B}-\$ 8.0 \mathrm{~B}$ | $\$ 8.1 \mathrm{~B}-\$ 8.3 \mathrm{~B}$ |
| Organic Growth Range | $10 \%-14 \%$ | $14 \%-17 \%$ |
| Inorganic Growth | $\sim 2.5 \%$ | $\sim 2.0 \%$ |
| Currency Translation | $\sim(1.5) \%$ | $\sim 0 \%$ |
| Segment Operating Margin | $\sim 20.0 \%$ | $\sim 21.5 \%$ |
| Adjusted Effective Tax Rate | $\sim 17 \%$ | $\sim 17 \%$ |
| Adjusted EPS Range | $\$ 9.20-\$ 9.80$ | $\$ 10.50-\$ 11.10$ |
| Free Cash Flow as a \% of Adjusted Income | $\sim 85 \%$ | $\sim 90 \%$ |

Note: As of May 3, 2022

## FY22 January to April Guidance Midpoint Adjusted EPS Walk


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## Q2 Fiscal 2022 Earnings Presentation

May 3, 2022

APPENDIX

## Q2 FY22 Organic Industry Segment Performance



[^0]
## FY22 Organic Industry Segment Outlook



Note: Organic sales growth rates depicted above exclude the impact of acquisitions and currency. Arrows reflect positive/negative directional growth vs prior year. Results primarily impacted by component availability versus underlying demand

## Industry Segmentation

\% of FY21 Sales


## Q2 FY22 Results: Summary

(\$ in millions, except per share amounts)
Total Sales
Total segment operating earnings
Purchase accounting depreciation and amortization
Corporate and other
Non-operating pension and postretirement benefit cost

| Q2 2022 |  | Q2 2021 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 1,808.1 | \$ | 1,776.1 |
| \$ | 283.4 | \$ | 390.1 |
|  | (26.1) |  | (13.1) |
|  | (24.6) |  | (30.4) |
|  | (21.3) |  | (7.0) |
|  | (140.7) |  | 190.9 |
|  | (29.6) |  | (22.8) |
|  | 8.3 |  | (97.4) |
| \$ | 49.4 | \$ | 410.3 |
|  | (4.5) |  | (4.7) |
| \$ | 53.9 | \$ | 415.0 |

Interest expense, net
Income tax provision
Net income
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests
Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation

|  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 15.8 |  | 5.0 |
|  | 107.3 |  | $(144.8)$ |
|  | 17.5 |  | 7.6 |
|  |  | 194.5 | $\$$ |
| $\$$ | 1.66 |  | 282.8 |
|  |  |  | 2.41 |
|  |  |  |  |

[^1]
## Free Cash Flow

(\$ in millions)
Net Income
Depreciation/Amortization
Change in fair value of investments ${ }^{1}$
Retirement Benefits Expense
Receivables/Inventory/Payables
Compensation and Benefits
Pension Contributions
Income Taxes
Other
Cash Flow From Operations
Capital Expenditures
Free Cash Flow
Adjusted Income
Free Cash Flow as a \% of Adjusted Income
1Primarily relates to the change in value of our investment in PTC.

| Three Months Ended |  |  |  | Six Months Ended |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q2 2022 |  | Q2 2021 |  | Q2 2022 |  | Q2 2021 |  |
| \$ | 49 | \$ | 410 | \$ | 288 | \$ | 1,001 |
|  | 63 |  | 46 |  | 121 |  | 90 |
|  | 141 |  | (191) |  | 133 |  | (581) |
|  | 42 |  | 30 |  | 58 |  | 60 |
|  | (41) |  | (50) |  | (227) |  | (155) |
|  | (10) |  | 55 |  | (145) |  | 63 |
|  | (8) |  | (10) |  | (16) |  | (19) |
|  | (192) |  | (40) |  | (230) |  | 33 |
|  | 47 |  | (1) |  | 97 |  | 103 |
|  | 91 |  | 249 |  | 79 |  | 595 |
|  | (45) |  | (25) |  | (82) |  | (52) |
| \$ | 46 | \$ | 224 | \$ | (3) | \$ | 543 |
| \$ | 195 | \$ | 283 | \$ | 446 | \$ | 562 |
|  | 24 \% |  | 79 \% |  | (1)\% |  | 97 \% |

## Reconciliation to Non-GAAP Measures

## Organic Sales

(\$ in millions)

| Three Months Ended March 31, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2022 | 2021 |

North America
EMEA
Asia Pacific Latin America

Total

Intelligent Devices
Software \& Control Lifecycle Services

Total


Reported Sales

| Less: Effect of <br> Acquisitions <br> (e)/(c) |
| :---: |
| $3.8 \%$ |
| $0.2 \%$ |
| $-\%$ |
| $-\%$ |
| $2.3 \%$ |

(1.7)\%
$11.7 \%$
$1.8 \%$

Effect of Changes in Changes in
Currency Currenc
$(\mathrm{d}) /(\mathrm{c})$ d)/(c)

Organic Sales Growth (b)/(c) (3.2)\% (7.8)\%
(7.8)\%
(1.5)\%
9.3\%
(1.8)\%
12.9\%
1.3\%

## Reconciliation to Non-GAAP Measures

Segment Operating Margin
(\$ in millions)

Sales
Intelligent Devices (a)
Software \& Control (b)
Lifecycle Services (c)
Total sales (d)
Segment operating earnings
Intelligent Devices (e)
Software \& Control (f)
Lifecycle Services (g)
Total segment operating earnings ${ }^{1}$ (h)
Purchase accounting depreciation and amortization Corporate and other
Non-operating pension and postretirement benefit cost
Change in fair value of investments
Interest (expense) income, net
Income before income taxes (i)

Three Months Ended

| March 31, 2022 |  | March 31, 2021 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 808.6 | \$ | 850.2 |
|  | 534.9 |  | 502.3 |
|  | 464.6 |  | 423.6 |
| \$ | 1,808.1 | \$ | 1,776.1 |
| \$ | 118.2 | \$ | 202.0 |
|  | 131.5 |  | 149.8 |
|  | 33.7 |  | 38.3 |
|  | 283.4 |  | 390.1 |
|  | (26.1) |  | (13.1) |
|  | (24.6) |  | (30.4) |
|  | (21.3) |  | (7.0) |
|  | (140.7) |  | 190.9 |
|  | (29.6) |  | (22.8) |
| \$ | 41.1 | \$ | 507.7 |

Segment operating margin:

|  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Intelligent Devices (e/a) | $14.6 \%$ | $23.8 \%$ |
| Software \& Control (f/b) | $24.6 \%$ | $29.8 \%$ |
| Lifecycle Services (g/c) | $7.3 \%$ | $9.0 \%$ |
| Total segment operating margin ${ }^{1}(\mathrm{~h} / \mathrm{d})$ | $15.7 \%$ | $22.0 \%$ |
| Pretax margin (i/d) | $2.3 \%$ | $28.6 \%$ |

${ }^{1}$ Total segment operating earnings and total segment operating margin are non-GAAP financial measures. We exclude purchase accounting depreciation and amortization, corporate and other, non-operating pension and postretirement benefit cost, change in fair value of investments, the $\$ 70$ million legal settlement in fiscal 2021, interest expense, net, and income tax benefit (provision) because we do not consider these costs to be directly related to the operating performance of our segments. We believe total segment operating earnings and total segment operating margin are useful to investors as measures of operating performance. We use these measures to monitor and evaluate the profitability of our operating segments. Our measures of total segment operating earnings and total segment operating margin may be different from measures used by other companies.

## Reconciliation to Non-GAAP Measures

Adjusted Income, Adjusted EPS, and Adjusted Effective Tax Rate (\$ in millions, except per share amounts)

| Three Months Ended |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| March 31, 2022 |  | March 31, 2021 |  |
| \$ | 53.9 | \$ | 415.0 |
|  | 21.3 |  | 7.0 |
|  | (5.5) |  | (2.0) |
|  | 140.7 |  | (190.9) |
|  | (33.4) |  | 46.1 |
|  | $23.1$ |  | $10.1$ |
| \$ | 194.5 | \$ | 282.8 |
| \$ | 0.46 | \$ | 3.54 |
|  | 0.19 |  | 0.06 |
|  | (0.05) |  | (0.02) |
|  | 1.20 |  | (1.63) |
|  | (0.29) |  | 0.39 |
|  | 0.20 |  | 0.09 |
|  | (0.05) |  | (0.02) |
| \$ | 1.66 | \$ | 2.41 |
|  | (20.2)\% |  | 19.2 \% |
|  | 15.7 |  | 0.1 |
|  | 19.5 |  | (2.9) |
|  | 1.0 |  | 0.3 |
|  | 16.0 \% |  | 16.7 \% |

## Non-operating pension and postretirement benefit cos

(in millions)

## Interest cost

Expected return on plan assets
Amortization of prior service credit
Amortization of net actuarial loss
Settlements
Non-operating pension and postretirement benefit cost

## Reconciliation to Non-GAAP Measures

## Return On Invested Capital

## (\$ in millions)

| Twelve Months Ended March 31, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2022 |  | 2021 |  |
| \$ | 631.9 | \$ | 1,578.6 |
|  | 108.4 |  | 97.5 |
|  | 9.5 |  | 263.9 |
|  | 82.5 |  | 46.7 |
|  | 832.3 |  | 1,986.7 |
| 361.4 |  |  | 141.0 |
| 2,871.0 |  |  | 1,975.6 |
| 2,627.5 |  |  | 1,475.3 |
| 1,008.3 |  |  | 952.3 |
| (640.2) |  |  | (725.7) |
| (1.8) |  |  | (0.6) |
| 6,226.2 |  |  | 3,817.9 |
| 9.5 |  |  | 263.9 |
| \$ | 641.4 | \$ | 1,842.5 |
|  | 1.5 \% |  | 14.3 \% |
|  | 13.2 \% |  | 44.6 \% |

## Reconciliation to Non-GAAP Measures

Fiscal 2022 Guidance
(\$ in billions, except per share amounts)

## Organic Sales

Fiscal 2022 Guidance
Organic sales growth
Inorganic sales growth
Foreign currency impact
Reported sales growth

| $10 \%-14 \%$ |
| :---: |
| $\sim 2.5 \%$ |
| $\sim 11 \%-15 \%$ |
| $\$$ |
|  |
|  |

## sted EPS

## Diluted EPS

Non-operating pension and postretirement benefit credit
Tax effect of non-operating pension and postretirement benefit credit
Change in fair value of investments ${ }^{1}$
\$7.60-\$8.20
0.17

Tax effect of change in fair value of investments ${ }^{1}$
1.14

Purchase accounting depreciation and amortization attributable to Rockwell Automation
Tax effect of purchase accounting depreciation and amortization attributable to Rockwell Automation
Adjusted EPS

| $\$ 7.60-\$ 8.20$ |
| :---: |
| 0.17 |
| $(0.04)$ |
| 1.14 |
| $(0.26)$ |
| 0.78 |
| $(0.19)$ |
| $\$ 9.20-\$ 9.80$ |

${ }^{1}$ The actual year-to-date adjustments, which are based on PTC's share price at March 31, 2022, are used for guidance, as estimates of these adjustments on a forward-looking basis are not available due to variability, complexity and limited visibility of these items.

## Performance Metric Definition

## Organic ARR Growth

Annual recurring revenue (ARR) is a key metric that enables measurement of progress in growing our recurring revenue business. It represents the annual contract value of all active recurring revenue contracts at any point in time. Recurring revenue is defined as a revenue stream that is contractual, typically for a period of 12 months or more, and has a high probability of renewal. The probability of renewal is based on historical renewal experience of the individual revenue streams, or management best estimates if historical renewal experience is not available. Organic ARR growth is calculated as the dollar change in ARR, adjusted to exclude the effects of currency translation and acquisitions, divided by ARR as of the prior period. The effects of currency translation are excluded by calculating Organic ARR on a constant currency basis. When we acquire businesses, we exclude the effect of ARR in current period for which there was no comparable ARR in the prior period. Organic ARR growth is also used as a financial measure of performance for our annual incentive compensation. Because ARR is based on annual contract value, it does not represent revenue recognized during a particular reporting period or revenue to be recognized in future reporting periods and is not intended to be a substitute for revenue, contract liabilities, or backlog.

Thank you
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[^0]:    Note: Organic sales growth rates depicted above exclude the impact of acquisitions and currency. Arrows reflect positive/negative directional growth vs prior year.
    Results primarily impacted by component availability versus underlying demand

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Primarily relates to the change in value of our investment in PTC

